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→ Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for...

Data tables, 2016 Census

Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984), First Official Language Spoken (6), Age (8B) and Sex (3) for the Population in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2016 Census - 25% Sample Data

Data table

Se	lect	dat	ta ca	tegori	ies 1	for t	this	tab	le
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Geography → Geographic index		Age (8B)	
Northwest Territories / Territoires du Nord-Ouest	<u> </u>	Total - Age	lacksquare
Sex (3)			
Total - Sex	\overline{v}		

'	Northwest Territ	ories / Territoires	au Nor	a-Oues	ī					
		First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	rce and Income	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official languag minority (numbe			
on in private households - 25% sample data		41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,23			
ge groups, average age and median age for the pop lds - 25% sample data	ulation in private	41,135	39,560	1,160	155	260	1,2			
l years		8,810	8,535	180	45	50	2			
o 4 years		3,100	2,985	80	10	25	(
9 years		3,010	2,920	45	25	15				
to 14 years		2,695	2,630	45	10	10				
64 years		29,280	28,150	925	100	105	9			
to 19 years		2,645	2,575	45	15	10				
to 24 years		3,025	2,985	35	0	0				
to 29 years		3,425	3,300	120	0	0	1			
to 34 years		3,355	3,190	130	20	15	1			
to 39 years		3,185	3,040	130	15	0	1			
to 44 years		2,785	2,665	100	0	10	1			
to 49 years		2,840	2,705	90	15	30	1			
to 54 years		3,160	3,060	95	0	10				
to 59 years		2,785	2,650	120	10	10	1			
to 64 years		2,065	1,975	60	20	10				
ars and over		3,045	2,875	50	10	105				
to 69 years		1,405	1,380	20	0	10				
to 74 years		775	735	15	0	20				
to 79 years		405	375	10	0	25				
to 84 years		260	230	10	0	25				
years and over		200	165	10	0	30				
85 to 89 years		135	110	10	0	20				
90 to 94 years		45	40	0	0	0				
95 to 99 years		15	15	0	0	0				
100 years and over		0	0	0	0	0				

			First of	ficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken		French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
Median age	34.1	33.8	37.5	32.6	53.9	(not applicable)
Total - Marital status for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data $\ ^2$	32,325	31,030	980	110	210	1,035
Married or living common law	17,850	17,015	675	55	110	700
Married	11,485	10,925	410	45	100	435
Living common law	6,370	6,085	265	10	10	270
Not married and not living common law	14,475	14,015	300	55	100	330
Never married	11,520	11,235	210	35	45	225
Separated	770	730	30	0	10	35
Divorced	1,260	1,195	50	15	0	55
Widowed	920	860	15	0	45	15
Total - Income statistics in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	32,325	31,030	980	110	215	1,030
Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	31,265	30,000	950	105	210	(not applicable)
Average total income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	64,586	64,121	87,233	63,952	28,797	(not applicable)
Median total income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	50,392	49,772	80,003	53,775	20,773	(not applicable)
Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	31,265	30,000	945	105	205	(not applicable)
Average after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	53,344	52,984	70,605	52,533	26,977	(not applicable)
Median after-tax income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	45,118	44,770	67,295	49,167	20,773	(not applicable)
Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	28,545	27,395	920	90	135	(not applicable)
Average market income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	65,472	64,954	86,162	68,592	28,223	(not applicable)
Median market income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	52,881	52,193	80,086	63,604	9,655	(not applicable)
Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	30,530	29,305	920	95	205	(not applicable)
Average government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$)	4,924	4,926	3,693	4,908	10,125	(not applicable)
Median government transfers in 2015 among recipients (\$)	944	944	943	944	6,036	(not applicable)
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	27,155	26,035	895	95	130	(not applicable)
Average employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	63,796	63,319	82,950	66,548	26,160	(not applicable)
Median employment income in 2015 among recipients (\$)	52,996	52,227	78,660	62,577	12,998	(not applicable)
Composition of total income in 2015 of the population aged 15 years and over in private households (%) - 25% sample data 4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(not applicable)
Market income (%) 5	92.6	92.5	95.7	92.6	66.9	(not applicable)
Employment income (%) §	85.8	85.7	89.6	85.1	56.2	(not applicable)
Government transfers (%)	7.4	7.5	4.1	7.0	34.3	(not applicable)
Total - Total income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data §	32,325	31,025	975	110	215	1,035
Without total income	1,060	1,025	30	0	0	35
With total income	31,265	30,000	950	105	210	1,000
Percentage with total income	96.7	96.7	97.4	95.5	97.7	96.6
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	4,410	4,295	65	F (too unreliable to be published)	30	75
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,710	3,580	45	F (too unreliable to be published)	65	60
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,105	2,975	65	F (too unreliable to be published)	55	65
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,220	2,145	60	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	60
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,135	2,050	50	F (too unreliable to be published)	20	60
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,780	1,750	30	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	30

			First of	ficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,760	1,675	65	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	65
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,620	1,520	85	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	80
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,535	1,450	80	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	85
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,545	1,460	85	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	85
\$100,000 and over	7,450	7,100	310	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	325
\$100,000 to \$149,999	5,535	5,275	230	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	240
\$150,000 and over	1,915	1,825	80	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	85
Total - After-tax income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 2	32,325	31,030	980	110	210	1,035
Without after-tax income	1,060	1,025	30	0	0	30
With after-tax income	31,265	30,000	950	105	210	1,000
Percentage with after-tax income	96.7	96.7	96.9	95.5	100.0	96.6
-				F (too unreliable		
Under \$10,000 (including loss)	4,440	4,325	70	F (too unreliable	30	75
\$10,000 to \$19,999	3,815	3,665	65	F (too unreliable	60	75
\$20,000 to \$29,999	3,420	3,290	65	F (too unreliable	60	70
\$30,000 to \$39,999	2,595	2,500	75	to be published) F (too unreliable	15	80
\$40,000 to \$49,999	2,555	2,500	40	to be published) F (too unreliable	15	40
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2,280	2,185	80	to be published) F (too unreliable	10	85
\$60,000 to \$69,999	2,125	2,010	95	to be published)	15	95
\$70,000 to \$79,999	2,140	2,005	120	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	130
\$80,000 and over	7,885	7,520	330	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	345
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,935	1,855	70	F (too unreliable to be published)	10	70
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,940	1,840	90	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	95
\$100,000 and over	4,015	3,825	175	F (too unreliable to be published)	0	180
Total - Employment income groups in 2015 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 10	32,325	31,030	975	110	215	1,035
Without employment income	5,175	5,000	80	15	80	90
With employment income	27,155	26,030	895	95	130	940
Percentage with employment income	84.0	83.9	91.8	86.4	60.5	90.8
Under \$5,000 (including loss)	3,295	3,195	50	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	55
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1,795	1,725	35	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	40
\$10,000 to \$19,999	2,630	2,560	40	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	50
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1,965	1,900	50	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	50
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1,660	1,595	50	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	50
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1,740	1,680	35	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	40

			First of	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
\$50,000 to \$59,999	1,600	1,550	45	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	45
\$60,000 to \$69,999	1,380	1,305	60	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	65
\$70,000 to \$79,999	1,575	1,480	85	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	85
\$80,000 and over	9,520	9,035	440	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	460
\$80,000 to \$89,999	1,505	1,405	90	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	95
\$90,000 to \$99,999	1,395	1,330	60	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	60
\$100,000 and over	6,620	6,305	290	F (too unreliable to be published)	F (too unreliable to be published)	300
Total - Employment income statistics for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	32,330	31,030	975	110	210	1,030
Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in private households who worked full year full time in 2015 - 25% sample data 12	13,565	12,945	545	45	30	(not applicable)
Median employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 13	86,780	86,689	89,637	70,909	47,721	(not applicable)
Average employment income in 2015 for full-year full-time workers (\$) 14	91,177	90,836	102,665	81,456	44,157	(not applicable)
Total - Knowledge of official languages for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 15	41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,235
English only	36,600	36,600	0	0	0	C
French only	50	0	50	0	0	50
English and French	4,215	2,955	1,105	155	0	1,185
Neither English nor French	270	10	0	0	260	C
Total - Language spoken most often at home for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 16	41,135	39,560	1,155	160	265	1,235
English	35,970	35,500	475	0	0	475
French	650	45	605	0	0	605
Non-official language	3,340	2,980	10	85	260	55
Aboriginal	2,055	1,935	0	15	110	C
Non-Aboriginal	1,285	1,045	10	70	155	45
English and French	135	30	55	50	0	80
English and non-official language	1,015	1,005	0	0	0	10
French and non-official language	10	0	10	0	0	C
English, French and non-official language	20	0	0	20	0	10
Total - Other language(s) spoken regularly at home for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data $^{1\!\!\!/}$	41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,235
None	34,280	33,395	600	95	195	650
English	2,065	1,690	275	35	65	290
French	795	540	245	10	0	250
Non-official language	3,940	3,885	40	10	10	50
Aboriginal	2,885	2,875	0	0	0	C
Non-Aboriginal	1,055	1,005	35	15	0	40
English and French	0	0	0	0	0	C
English and non-official language	15	20	10	0	0	C
French and non-official language	40	35	0	0	0	C
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total - Mother tongue for the population in private households - 25% Sample Data 18	41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,235
English	31,575	31,575	0	0	0	C
French	1,150	65	1,085	0	0	1,090
Non-official language	7,475	7,090	30	95	265	80
Aboriginal	4,565	4,445	10	15	105	10
Non-Aboriginal	2,905	2,650	25	75	155	70

			First off	ficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
English and French	180	120	10	55	0	40
English and non-official language	685	685	0	0	0	0
French and non-official language	45	15	25	0	0	30
English, French and non-official language	20	10	0	10	0	10
Total - Knowledge of languages for the population in private households - 25% sample data $\frac{19}{2}$	41,135	39,565	1,155	155	260	1,230
Official languages	40,865	39,550	1,155	160	0	1,235
English	40,815	39,555	1,105	155	0	1,180
French	4,265	2,950	1,155	160	0	1,235
Non-official languages	10,750	10,220	145	120	265	210
Aboriginal languages	6,530	6,390	15	15	105	25
Non-Aboriginal languages	4,245	3,860	125	105	155	180
Total - Aboriginal identity for the population in private households - 25% sample data 20	41,135	39,560	1,160	155	260	1,235
Aboriginal identity 21	20,860	20,610	120	25	110	135
Single Aboriginal responses 22	20,650	20,405	120	15	110	130
First Nations (North American Indian) 23	13,185	13,035	25	15	105	30
Métis	3,385	3,290	95	0	0	95
Inuk (Inuit)	4,075	4,070	0	10	0	0
Multiple Aboriginal responses 24	155	155	0	0	0	0
Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere ²⁵	55	50	10	10	0	10
Non-Aboriginal identity	20,275	18,955	1,035	135	155	1,100
Total - Population by Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private households - 25% sample data 28	41,135	39,565	1,160	155	260	1,235
Registered or Treaty Indian 27	13,365	13,195	50	15	105	55
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	27,770	26,365	1,110	140	155	1,180
Total - Aboriginal ancestry for the population in private households - 25% sample data	21,110	20,000	1,110	140	100	1,100
28	41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,235
Aboriginal ancestry (only) 29	15,195	15,060	20	10	105	30
Single Aboriginal ancestry (only) 30	14,160	14,025	20	10	100	25
First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry 31	10,285	10,165	15	10	95	15
Métis single ancestry	915	905	10	0	0	10
Inuit single ancestry	2,955	2,955	0	0	0	0
Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only) 32	1,035	1,030	10	0	0	0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestries	490	490	0	0	0	0
First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestries	505	500	0	0	0	0
Métis and Inuit ancestries	20	20	0	0	0	0
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries	20	15	0	0	0	0
Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 33	5,525	5,375	135	15	0	145
Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 34	4,750	4,610	125	10	0	130
First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Aboriginal ancestries	3,110	3,045	65	0	0	60
Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries	925	855	65	10	0	70
Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	710	710	0	0	0	0
Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries 35	780	765	10	10	0	15
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and non-Aboriginal ancestries	475	465	10	0	0	15
First Nations (North American Indian), Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	235	235	0	0	0	0
Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	30	35	0	0	0	0
First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, Inuit and non-Aboriginal ancestries	35	35	0	0	0	0
Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only) 36	20,420	19,130	1,000	130	155	1,060
	41,135			155	260	1,235
Total - Citizenship for the population in private households - 25% sample data 37	41,135	39,560	1,155	100	∠00	1,235

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
Canadian citizens only	38,880	37,505	1,105	115	155	1,165		
Citizens of Canada and at least one other country	700	655	25	25	0	35		
Not Canadian citizens 39	1,550	1,410	25	15	100	35		
Total - Immigrant status and period of immigration for the population in private households - 25% sample data $^4\!$	41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,235		
Non-immigrants 41	37,135	35,855	1,070	85	135	1,110		
Immigrants 42	3,685	3,420	80	70	115	115		
Before 1981	705	670	20	10	0	25		
1981 to 1990	410	375	15	10	10	20		
1991 to 2000	615	580	25	0	10	25		
2001 to 2010	1,135	1,085	10	30	20	20		
2001 to 2005	510	495	0	10	0	0		
2006 to 2010	630	585	0	20	15	10		
2011 to 2016 43	815	710	20	10	70	25		
Non-permanent residents 44	310	285	10	0	15	10		
Total - Age at immigration for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data 45	3,685	3,420	85	75	115	120		
Under 5 years	370	360	0	0	0	10		
5 to 14 years	660	610	15	15	25	20		
15 to 24 years	730	685	10	10	20	15		
25 to 44 years	1,600	1,465	50	40	40	75		
45 years and over	335	300	0	0	30	0		
Total - Selected places of birth for the immigrant population in private households - 25% sample data 46	3,690	3,420	80	70	115	120		
Americas	445	430	10	10	0	15		
Brazil	15	0	10	0	0	10		
Colombia	15	15	0	0	0	0		
El Salvador	25	20	0	0	0	0		
Guyana	10	0	0	0	0	C		
Haiti	0	0	10	0	0	C		
Jamaica	75	80	0	0	0	C		
Mexico	20	20	10	0	0	0		
Peru	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Trinidad and Tobago	0	10	0	0	0	0		
United States 47	220	215	0	0	0	0		
Other places of birth in Americas	55	55	0	0	0	0		
Europe	770	730	25	10	0	30		
Bosnia and Herzegovina	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Croatia	20	15	0	0	0	0		
France	35	10	25	0	0	25		
Germany	125	120	0	10	0	0		
Greece	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Hungary	10	10	0	0	0	0		
Ireland 48	15	20	0	0	0	0		
Italy	40	40	0	0	0	0		
Netherlands	35	35	0	0	0	0		
Poland	25	20	0	0	0	0		
Portugal	0	0	0	0	0	(
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Russian Federation	15	20	0	0	0	0		
Russian Federation Serbia 49	10	10	0	0	0	0		
JEINIA -	10	10	U	U	0	(1)		

			First off	icial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official languag minority (numbe
United Kingdom 50	320	315	0	0	0	
Other places of birth in Europe	100	100	10	0	0	
Africa	480	425	40	15	0	4
Algeria	10	0	10	10	0	1
Egypt	0	10	0	0	0	
Ethiopia	30	30	0	0	0	
Kenya	0	0	0	0	0	
Morocco	25	0	25	0	0	2
Nigeria	35	35	0	0	0	
Somalia	25	25	0	0	0	
South Africa, Republic of	35	40	0	0	0	
Other places of birth in Africa	305	290	10	10	0	
Asia	1,955	1,795	0	40	115	
Afghanistan	10	10	0	0	0	
Bangladesh	95	95	0	0	0	
China 51	110	95	0	0	0	
Hong Kong 52	35	30	0	0	0	
India	185	175	0	0	0	
Iran 53	35	25	0	15	0	
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0	
·						
Japan 14 54	65	55	0	0	15	
Korea, South №	75	50	0	0	25	
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	
Pakistan	70	70	0	10	0	
Philippines	950	935	0	0	10	
Sri Lanka	15	15	0	0	0	
Syria 55	0	0	0	0	0	
Taiwan	10	10	0	0	0	
Viet Nam	175	120	0	10	55	
Other places of birth in Asia	120	105	0	10	0	
Oceania and other places of birth 56	35	35	0	0	0	
otal - Selected places of birth for the recent immigrant population in private suseholds - 25% sample data $^{\pm\!\!\!\!/}$	815	710	20	15	75	
Americas	65	65	0	0	0	
Brazil	10	10	0	0	0	
Colombia	0	0	0	0	0	
Cuba	0	0	0	0	0	
Haiti	0	0	0	0	0	
Jamaica	40	40	0	0	0	
Mexico	0	0	0	0	0	
United States 58	20	15	0	0	0	
Venezuela 59	0	0	0	0	0	
Other places of birth in Americas	10	0	0	0	0	
Europe	70	60	10	0	0	
France	10	0	10	0	0	
Germany	10	0	0	0	0	
Ireland [©]	0	0	0	0	0	
Moldova 61	0	0	0	0	0	
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	
Russian Federation	0	0	0	0	0	
Nassian i Cucianon	0	0	0	0	0	

			First of	ficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number <u>1</u>
United Kingdom 52	40	40	0	0	0	(
Other places of birth in Europe	10	15	0	0	0	(
Africa	120	100	10	10	0	1
Algeria	0	0	0	0	0	(
Cameroon	0	0	0	0	0	(
Congo, Democratic Republic of the	0	0	0	0	0	
Côte d'Ivoire	0	0	0	0	0	
Egypt	0	0	0	0	0	
Eritrea	0	0	0	0	0	
Ethiopia	0	10	0	0	0	
Могоссо	10	0	10	0	0	
Nigeria	15	15	0	0	0	
Somalia	0	0	0	0	0	
South Africa, Republic of	0	0	0	0	0	
Tunisia	0	0	0	0	0	
Other places of birth in Africa	80	80	0	0	0	
Asia	560	485	0	0	70	
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	
Bangladesh	15	10	0	0	0	
China 63	10	10	0	0	0	
Hong Kong 64	0	0	0	0	0	
India	50	50	0	0	0	
Iran 🕾	10	10	0	10	0	
Iraq	0	0	0	0	0	
Israel	15	10	0	0	0	
Japan	30	20	0	0	10	
Korea, South 66	30	10	0	0	25	
Lebanon	0	0	0	0	0	
Nepal	10	10	0	0	0	
Pakistan	10	10	0	0	0	
Philippines	330	330	0	0	0	
Saudi Arabia	0	0	0	0	0	
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	
Syria ⁶⁷	0	0	0	0	0	
Taiwan	0	10	0	0	0	
Turkey	0	0	0	0	0	
United Arab Emirates	10	10	0	0	0	
Viet Nam	40	10	0	0	30	
Other places of birth in Asia	0	0	0	0	0	
Oceania and other 98	0	0	0	0	0	
Australia	0	10	0	0	0	
Other places of birth 69	0	10	0	0	0	
otal - Generation status for the population in private households - 25% sample data						
70.	41,135	39,560	1,155	155	260	1,23
First generation 71	4,100	3,805	90	75	130	13
Second generation ¹²	3,885	3,765	65	35	20	8
Third generation or more 🔼	33,150	31,995	1,000	45	105	1,02
Fotal - Admission category and applicant type for the immigrant population in private nouseholds who landed between 1980 and 2016 - 25% sample data 24	3,030	2,795	65	60	115	ę
Economic immigrants ⁷⁵	1,625	1,505	20	25	70	3
Principal applicants 76	790	735	0	25	25	2

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)			
Secondary applicants Z	830	770	15	0	40	15			
Immigrants sponsored by family 78	1,010	925	35	20	30	45			
Refugees 79	370	335	10	15	20	10			
Other immigrants 80	30	30	0	0	0	0			
Total - Visible minority for the population in private households - 25% sample data 81	41,135	39,560	1,155	160	260	1,235			
Total visible minority population 82	3,955	3,665	60	75	155	100			
South Asian 83	615	595	10	10	0	10			
Chinese	300	285	0	0	15	0			
Black	755	725	25	0	10	25			
Filipino	1,305	1,285	0	15	10	10			
Latin American	135	115	0	10	15	0			
Arab	105	55	30	20	0	45			
Southeast Asian 84	255	190	0	10	60	0			
West Asian 85	50	35	0	10	0	10			
Korean	105	75	0	0	25	0			
Japanese	145	130	0	0	15	0			
Visible minority, n.i.e. ⁹⁶	95	95	0	0	0	0			
Multiple visible minorities 87	90	85	0	0	10	0			
Not a visible minority 88	37,180	35,900	1,095	75	110	1,130			
				155	260				
Total - Ethnic origin for the population in private households - 25% sample data	41,135	39,560	1,155			1,235			
North American Aboriginal origins	20,720	20,430	160	25	105	175			
First Nations (North American Indian)	15,155	14,950	85	15	105	90			
Inuit	4,510	4,505	0	0	0	0			
Métis	2,920	2,820	85	10	0	95			
Other North American origins	8,220	7,555	635	25	0	650			
Acadian	250	160	85	0	0	85			
American	495	490	0	0	0	0			
Canadian	7,655	7,035	595	15	10	605			
New Brunswicker	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Newfoundlander	70	65	0	10	0	10			
Nova Scotian	15	20	0	0	0	0			
Ontarian	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Québécois	30	25	10	0	0	0			
Other North American origins, n.i.e. 90	0	0	0	0	0	0			
European origins	18,115	17,305	755	60	0	780			
British Isles origins	12,815	12,580	205	25	0	220			
Channel Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Cornish	0	0	0	0	0	0			
English	6,555	6,465	75	10	0	80			
Irish	5,065	4,960	100	0	0	100			
Manx	10	10	0	0	0	0			
Scottish	6,090	6,020	55	20	0	60			
Welsh	555	555	0	0	0	10			
British Isles origins, n.i.e. 91	760	760	0	0	0	0			
French origins	4,235	3,515	695	20	0	705			
Alsatian	0	10	0	0	0	0			
Breton	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Corsican	0	0	0	0	0	0			
					0				
French	4,230	3,510	695	20	0	705			

Bisbetted bemographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income official banquage Franch Egipta and some force and focus on the control of the control				First of	fficial language sp	oken (6)	
Barpatan D		official language	English	French	-	-	Official language minority (number) 1
Belgiam	Austrian	180	185	0	0	0	0
Dutch Dut	Bavarian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Financh 0	Belgian	150	130	10	0	0	15
Finish	Dutch	1,020	1,015	0	0	0	10
Cemman	Flemish	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lusembourger 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Frisian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swains 140 135 10 0 0 Western European origins, n.i.e. ≝ 0 10 0 0 0 Durlish 345 345 0 0 0 Finneh 75 80 0 0 0 Horish 200 200 0 0 0 Navweglan 710 705 0 10 0 Swadah 365 370 0 0 0 Swadah 365 370 0 0 0 Northern European origins, n.i.e. ™ 125 125 10 0 0 Bujarian 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 Czech 100 85 0 <td>German</td> <td>3,415</td> <td>3,345</td> <td>45</td> <td>25</td> <td>0</td> <td>60</td>	German	3,415	3,345	45	25	0	60
Western European origina (a.c.	Luxembourger	10	0	0	0	0	0
Northern European crigins (except Bitlish tates origins) 1.720 1.700 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Swiss	140	135	10	0	0	10
Duntish	Western European origins, n.i.e. 👱	0	10	0	0	0	0
Frenish	Northern European origins (except British Isles origins)	1,720	1,710	0	0	0	10
	Danish	345	345	0	0	0	0
Norweglan 710 705 0	Finnish	75	80	0	0	0	0
Swedish 366 370 0 0 0 0	Icelandic	200	200	0	0	0	0
Northern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 125 125 10 0 0 Eastern European origins 2,885 2,830 20 10 0 Bulgarian 0 10 0 0 0 Byebroussian 100 0 0 0 0 Czech 90 85 0 0 0 Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. ≅ 30 30 0 0 0 Estonlan 0 0 0 0 0 0 Hungarian 265 260 10 0 0 0 Lativian 45 50 0 0 0 0 Lativian 45 50 0 0 0 0 Lativian 45 50 0 0 0 0 0 Lativian 80 85 85 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Norwegian	710	705	0	10	0	0
Eastern European origins 2,885 2,830 20	Swedish	365	370	0	0	0	0
Bulgarian Byelotrussian 10 10 0 0 0 Czeche 99 85 0 0 0 Czecheskavakan, n.o.s. № 30 30 0 0 0 0 Estorian 10 20 10 0 0 0 0 Hungarian 255 25 10 0 0 0 0 0 Latkhan 45 50 0	Northern European origins, n.i.e. ⁹³	125	125	10	0	0	0
Byeinussian Czech Czech Byeinussian Czechosovakian, n.o.s. Byeinussian Czechosovakian Czechosovakian, n.o.s. Byeinussian Czechosovakian Czechosovakian Czechosovakian, n.o.s. Byeinussian Czechosovakian Czechosovakian, n.o.s. Byeinussian Czechosovakian Czechosovak	Eastern European origins	2,865	2,830	20	10	0	30
Czech 90 85 0 0 0 Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. № 30 30 0 0 0 Estonian 0 0 0 0 0 Hungarian 265 260 10 0 0 Lahvian 45 50 0 0 0 Lithuanian 25 25 0 0 0 Moldovan 0 0 0 0 0 Polish 880 845 15 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 Rousian 515 505 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.l.e. № 1,121 1,170 35 0 0 Southern European origins al.e. № 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 </td <td>Bulgarian</td> <td>0</td> <td>10</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td>	Bulgarian	0	10	0	0	0	0
Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. ≅ 30 30 0	Byelorussian	10	10	0	0	0	0
Estonian 0 0 0 0 0 Hungarian 265 260 10 0 0 Latvian 45 50 0 0 0 Lithuanian 25 25 0 0 0 Moldovan 0 0 0 0 0 Polish 860 845 15 0 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 <td< td=""><td>Czech</td><td>90</td><td>85</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></td<>	Czech	90	85	0	0	0	0
Estonian 0 0 0 0 0 Hungarian 285 280 10 0 0 Latvian 45 50 0 0 0 Lithuanian 25 25 0 0 0 Moldovan 0 0 0 0 0 Poliah 880 845 15 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 Slovak 65 65 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. 22 10 10 0 0 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Gatalan 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Czechoslovakian, n.o.s. ²⁴	30	30	0	0	0	0
Latvian 45 50 0 0 0 Lithuanian 25 25 0 0 0 Moldovan 0 0 0 0 0 Polish 860 845 15 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 Slovak 65 65 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0		0	0		0
Latvian 45 50 0 0 Lithuanian 25 25 0 0 0 Moldovan 0 0 0 0 0 Polish 860 845 15 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 Slovak 65 65 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1.290 1.290 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1.215 1,170 35 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 0 Cypriot 0 0 0 0	Hungarian	265	260	10	0	0	0
Moidovan 0 0 0 0 0 Polish 860 845 15 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 Slovak 65 65 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 0 Southern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 1,215 1,170 35 0		45	50	0	0	0	0
Moidovan 0 0 0 0 0 Polish 860 845 15 0 0 Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 Slovak 65 65 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 0 Southern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 1,215 1,170 35 0	Lithuanian	25	25	0	0	0	0
Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 0 Slovak 665 65 0 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 0 Greek 500 50 0 0 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 0 Slovanian 10 10 10 0 0 0 Slovanian 10 10 10 0 0 0 Slovanian 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 Slovanian 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	Moldovan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Romanian 120 120 0 0 0 0 Russian 515 505 0 0 0 0 Slovak 665 65 0 0 0 0 Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 0 0 Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 0 Greek 500 50 0 0 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 0 Slovanian 10 10 10 0 0 0 Slovanian 10 10 10 0 0 0 Slovanian 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 Slovanian 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1			845				15
Russian S15 S05 0 0 0 0							0
Slovak 65 65 0 0 0 0 0 Companies C							10
Ukrainian 1,290 1,290 0 0 0 0							0
Eastern European origins, n.i.e. ≅ 10 10 0 0 0 Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 Cypriot 0 0 0 0 0 Greek 50 50 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 0 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 0 0 0 0 Sicillian <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10</td></t<>							10
Southern European origins 1,215 1,170 35 0 0 Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0</td>							0
Albanian 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0							35
Bosnian 0 0 0 0 0 Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 Cypriot 0 0 0 0 0 Greek 50 50 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 10 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Catalan 0 0 0 0 0 Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 Cypriot 0 0 0 0 0 Greek 50 50 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 10 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Croatian 35 35 0 10 0 Cypriot 0 0 0 0 0 Greek 50 50 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 10 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0			0				0
Cypriot 0 0 0 0 0 Greek 50 50 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 10 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Greek 50 50 0 0 0 Italian 505 490 10 0 10 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Italian 505 490 10 0 10 Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Kosovar 0 0 0 0 0 Macedonian 40 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0 0							15
Macedonian 40 40 0 0 0 Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Maltese 15 15 0 0 0 Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Montenegrin 0 0 0 0 0 Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Portuguese 205 200 10 0 0 Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Serbian 10 10 0 0 0 Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
Sicilian 10 0 0 0 0 Slovenian 20 20 0 0 0 0	·						0
Stovenian 20 20 0 0 0							0
							0
Spanish 315 295 20 0 0							20

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number 1		
Yugoslavian, n.o.s. ⁹⁶	30	30	0	0	0	(
Southern European origins, n.i.e. $\frac{97}{}$	10	0	0	0	0	(
Other European origins	250	255	0	0	0	(
Basque	0	0	0	0	0	(
Jewish	100	100	0	0	0	(
Roma (Gypsy)	0	0	0	0	0	(
Slavic, n.o.s. 98	10	10	0	0	0	(
Other European origins, n.i.e. 99	145	140	0	0	0	(
Caribbean origins	215	210	0	0	0	10		
Antiguan	0	0	0	0	0	ı		
Bahamian	0	0	0	0	0			
Barbadian	10	0	0	0	0			
Bermudan	0	0	0	0	0			
Carib	0	0	0	0	0			
Cuban	0	0	0	0	0			
Dominican	40	45	0	0	0			
Grenadian	10	0	0	0	0			
Guadeloupean	0	0	0	0	0			
Haitian	10	0	10	0	0			
Jamaican	115	120	0	0	0			
Kittitian/Nevisian	0	0	0	0	0			
Martinican	0	0	0	0	0			
Montserratan	0	0	0	0	0			
Puerto Rican	10	10	0	0	0			
St. Lucian	10	10	0	0	0			
Trinidadian/Tobagonian	30	25	0	0	0			
Vincentian/Grenadinian	0	0	0	0	0			
West Indian, n.o.s. 100	10	10	0	0	0			
Caribbean origins, n.i.e. 101	10	0	0	0	0			
-								
Latin, Central and South American origins	205	180	0	10	15			
Aboriginal from Central/South America (except Arawak and Maya)	10		0	0	0			
Arawak	0		0	0	0			
Argentinian	0		0	0	0			
Belizean	0	0	0	0	0			
Bolivian	10		0	10	0			
Brazilian	10		0	10	0			
Chilean	15	15	0	0	0			
Colombian	25		0	0	0			
Costa Rican	0	0	0	0	0			
Ecuadorian	0	0	0	0	0			
Guatemalan	10	0	0	0	0			
Guyanese	0	0	0	0	0			
Hispanic	15	10	0	0	0			
Honduran	0	0	0	0	0			
Maya	10	10	0	0	0			
Mexican	50	40	0	0	15			
Nicaraguan	10	10	0	0	0			
Panamanian	10	10	0	0	0			
Paraguayan	0	0	0	0	0			
Peruvian	0	0	0	0	0			

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number <u>1</u>			
Salvadorean	25	25	0	0	0	(
Uruguayan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Venezuelan	15	20	0	0	0	(
Latin, Central and South American origins, n.i.e. 102	20	20	0	0	0	(
African origins	785	700	45	30	10	60			
Central and West African origins	110	105	0	10	0	(
Akan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Angolan	0	0	0	0	0	ı			
Ashanti	0	0	0	0	0				
Beninese	0	0	0	0	0				
Burkinabe	0	0	0	0	0				
Cameroonian	0	0	0	0	0				
Chadian	0	0	0	0	0				
Congolese	0	0	0	0	0				
Edo	0	0	0	0	0				
Ewe	0	0	0	0	0				
Gabonese	0	0	0	0	0				
Gambian	0	0	0	0	0				
Ghanaian	30	25	0	0	0				
Guinean	0	0	0	0	0				
Ibo	30	30	0	0	0				
Ivorian	0	0	0	0	0				
Liberian	0	0	0	0	0				
Malian	0	0	0	0	0				
Malinké	0	0	0	0	0				
Nigerian	50	55	0	0	0				
Peulh	0	0	0	0	0				
Senegalese	0	0	0	0	0				
Sierra Leonean	0	0	0	10	0				
Togolese	0	0	0	0	0				
Wolof	0	0	0	0	0				
Yoruba	15	15	0	0	0				
Central and West African origins, n.i.e. 103	10	10	0	0	0				
North African origins	175	110	30	25	0	4			
Algerian	35	15	10	10	0				
Berber	10	0	0	0	0				
Coptic	10	0	0	10	0				
Dinka	0	0	0	0	0				
Egyptian	10	0	0	0	0				
Libyan	0	0	0	0	0				
Maure	0	0	0	0	0				
Moroccan	30	10	20	0	0				
Sudanese	90	85	0	0	0				
Tunisian	0	0	0	0	0				
North African origins, n.i.e. 104	0	0	0	0	0				
Southern and East African origins	275	265	10	0	10				
Afrikaner	10	10	0	0	0				
Amhara	0	0	0	0	0				
Bantu, n.o.s. 108 Burundian	0	0	0	0	0				

			First of	ficial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)
Djiboutian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eritrean	30	35	0	0	0	0
Ethiopian	20	20	0	0	0	0
Harari	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kenyan	0	0	0	0	0	0
Malagasy	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mauritian	10	10	0	0	0	0
Oromo	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rwandan	10	0	0	0	0	0
Seychellois	0	0	0	0	0	0
Somali	70	70	10	0	0	10
South African	25	25	0	0	0	0
Tanzanian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tigrian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ugandan	35	30	0	0	0	0
Zambian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zimbabwean	65	65	0	0	10	0
Zulu	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern and East African origins, n.i.e. 106	10	10	0	0	0	0
Other African origins	240	235	10	0	0	10
Black, n.o.s. 107	50	45	10	0	0	10
Other African origins, n.i.e. 108	200	195	0	0	0	0
Asian origins	3,125	2,915	20	65	125	55
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins	215	170	15	35	0	35
Afghan	15	10	0	0	0	0
Arab, n.o.s. 109	40	35	10	10	0	10
Armenian	25	25	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assyrian						
Azerbaijani	0	0	0	0	0	0
Georgian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hazara	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iranian	60	45	0	15	0	0
Iraqi	10	0	10	0	0	0
Israeli	0	10	0	0	0	0
Jordanian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kazakh	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kurd	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kuwaiti	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kyrgyz	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lebanese	20	10	0	10	0	10
Palestinian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pashtun	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saudi Arabian	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syrian	25	25	0	0	0	0
Tajik	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tatar	0	0	0	0	0	0
Turk	15	10	0	0	0	0
Turkmen	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uighur	0	0	0	0	0	0
Uzbek	10	0	0	0	0	0

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1			
Yemeni	0	0	0	0	0	C			
West Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins, n.i.e. 110	0	0	0	0	0	С			
South Asian origins	615	590	10	10	0	15			
Bangladeshi	70	65	0	0	0	С			
Bengali	50	50	0	0	0	C			
Bhutanese	0	0	0	0	0	(
East Indian	355	340	10	10	0	15			
Goan	10	0	0	0	0	(
Gujarati	0	0	0	0	0	(
Kashmiri	0	0	0	0	0	(
Nepali	20	20	0	0	0	(
Pakistani	85	80	0	0	0	10			
Punjabi	10	15	0	0	0	(
Sinhalese	0	0	0	0	0	C			
Sri Lankan	25	25	0	0	0	(
Tamil	0	10	0	0	0	(
South Asian origins, n.i.e. 111	10	15	0	0	0	(
East and Southeast Asian origins	2,315	2,165	0	20	130	10			
Burmese	0	0	0	0	0	(
Cambodian (Khmer)	0	0	0	0	0	(
Chinese	380	350	0	0	20	(
Filipino	1,410	1,390	0	10	10	10			
Hmong	0	0	0	0	0	(
Indonesian	10	15	0	0	0	(
Japanese	200	185	0	0	15	(
Karen	0	0	0	0	0	(
Korean	105	80	0	0	25	(
Laotian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Malaysian	0	0	0	0	0	(
Mongolian	10	10	0	0	0	(
Singaporean	0	0	0	0	0	(
Taiwanese	15	20	0	0	0	(
Thai	0	10	0	0	0	(
Tibetan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Vietnamese	240	180	0	0	60	(
East and Southeast Asian origins, n.i.e. 112	0	0	0	0	0	(
Other Asian origins	10	10	0	0	0	(
Other Asian origins, n.i.e. 113	10	15	0	0	0				
Oceania origins	85	85	0	0	0	(
Australian	35	35	0	0	0	(
New Zealander	45	45	0	0	0	(
	10	10	0		0	(
Pacific Islands origins		10	0	0	0	(
Fijian Hawaiian	0	0	0	0	0	(
	0	0	0		0	(
Maori				0					
Samoan	0	0	0	0	0	(
Polynesian, n.o.s. 114	10	10	0	0	0	(
Pacific Islands origins, n.i.e. 115	0	0	0	0	0	(
Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 118	32,325	31,030	980	110	215	1,038			
No certificate, diploma or degree	8,860	8,610	90	10	150	95			

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1			
Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate 117	6,920	6,720	140	15	45	140			
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	16,550	15,695	750	85	20	795			
Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma	3,165	3,050	110	0	10	110			
Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 118	1,560	1,500	65	0	0	65			
Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification 119	1,600	1,560	50	0	0	45			
College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	6,110	5,870	220	15	10	225			
University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	800	755	45	0	0	45			
University certificate, diploma or degree at bachelor level or above	6,465	6,020	375	60	10	405			
Bachelor's degree	4,480	4,190	250	35	10	265			
University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	315	300	15	0	0	15			
Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry	130	115	10	10	0	10			
Master's degree	1,435	1,320	95	20	0	105			
Earned doctorate 120	100	95	10	0	0	10			
Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2016 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 121	32,325	31,030	980	110	215	1,035			
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 122	15,775	15,330	230	20	195	240			
Education	1,525	1,420	100	0	0	100			
13. Education	1,530	1,415	100	0	10	105			
Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies	410	380	25	0	0	20			
10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services	95	75	10	0	0	10			
50. Visual and performing arts	315	305	15	0	0	10			
Humanities	655	610	40	0	0	40			
16. Aboriginal and foreign languages, literatures and linguistics	100	90	10	0	0	15			
23. English language and literature/letters	115	115	0	0	0	0			
24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities	215	200	10	0	0	15			
30A Interdisciplinary humanities 123	0	0	0	0	0	0			
38. Philosophy and religious studies	50	50	10	0	0	10			
39. Theology and religious vocations	85	80	0	0	0	10			
54. History	80	80	0	0	0	0			
55. French language and literature/letters	10	0	0	0	0	0			
Social and behavioural sciences and law	1,620	1,520	80	10	10	85			
05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies	65	65	0	0	0	0			
09. Communication, journalism and related programs	210	205	0	0	0	0			
19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences	305	295	10	0	0	10			
22. Legal professions and studies	230	200	20	10	0	25			
30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 124	20	25	0	0	0	0			
42. Psychology	200	190	10	0	0	15			
45. Social sciences	585	550	30	10	0	30			
Business, management and public administration	3,420	3,280	125	20	0	135			
30.16 Accounting and computer science	0	0,200	0	0	0	0			
44. Public administration and social service professions	420	395	20	10	0	25			
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services	3,000	2,880	105	15	0	110			
Physical and life sciences and technologies	655	595	45	0	10	50			
26. Biological and biomedical sciences	300	275	25	0	0	30			
30.01 Biological and physical sciences	160	150	0	0	10	0			
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences ¹²⁵	0	10	0	0	0	0			
40. Physical sciences	155	140	15	0	0	20			
41. Science technologies/technicians	30	25	0	0	0	0			
<u> </u>	400	360	35	0	0	35			
Mathematics, computer and information sciences	400	295	25	0	0	25			

			First off	icial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number
25. Library science	45	30	15	0	0	10
27. Mathematics and statistics	35	35	0	0	0	(
30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences 126	0	0	0	0	0	(
Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	3,535	3,380	130	25	0	140
04. Architecture and related services	120	105	10	0	0	1
14. Engineering	455	420	25	10	0	3
15. Engineering technologies and engineering-related fields	735	695	30	10	0	4
30.12 Historic preservation and conservation	0	0	0	0	0	
46. Construction trades	980	950	25	0	0	2
47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians	1,030	995	30	0	0	3
48. Precision production	215	215	0	0	0	1
Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	625	605	25	0	0	
01. Agriculture, agriculture operations and related sciences	65	60	10	0	0	1
03. Natural resources and conservation	560	545	20	0	0	2
Health and related fields	2,125	2,010	95	10	0	10
31. Parks, recreation, leisure and fitness studies	210	200	10	0	0	1
51. Health professions and related programs	1,885	1,780	80	10	10	9
60. Dental, medical and veterinary residency programs	30	30	0	0	0	
Personal, protective and transportation services	1,590	1,540	55	0	0	
	485	470	15	0	0	
12. Personal and culinary services						
28. Military science, leadership and operational art	10	10	0	0	0	
29. Military technologies and applied sciences	25	20	0	0	0	
43. Security and protective services	250	245	0	0	0	1
49. Transportation and materials moving	820	795	25	10	0	2
Other	0	0	0	0	0	
30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies, other	0	0	0	0	0	
otal - Location of study compared with province or territory of residence with countries outside Canada for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% nample data 127	32,330	31,030	980	110	215	1,03
No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	15,775	15,335	230	25	190	24
Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 128	16,550	15,695	750	85	20	79
Location of study inside Canada	14,785	14,030	705	55	0	73
Same as province or territory of residence	4,160	4,080	70	0	0	-
Different than province or territory of residence	10,630	9,940	635	55	0	66
Location of study outside Canada 129	1,765	1,670	45	30	20	
United States 130	315	305	0	0	0	
Philippines	520	520	0	0	0	
India	100	100	0	0	0	
United Kingdom 131	175	175	10	0	0	
China 132	25	25	0	0	0	
France	25	0	20	0	0	
Other	610	550	10	30	15	2
Fotal - Population aged 15 years and over by Labour force status - 25% sample data	32,330	31,025	980	105	210	(not applicable
In the labour force	23,945	22,945	850	90	65	(not applicable
Employed	21,415	20,455	820	80	65	(not applicable
Unemployed	2,535	2,490	35	0	0	
Not in the labour force			130	20	150	(not applicabl
	8,385	8,085				(not applicable
Participation rate	74.1	74.0	86.7	85.7	31.0	(not applicable
Employment rate	66.2	65.9	83.7	76.2	31.0	(not applicable

			FIRST OTT	icial language sp	oken (6)	
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1
Total population aged 15 years and over by work activity during the reference year - 25% sample data 134	32,330	31,030	975	110	215	1,030
Did not work 135	7,420	7,175	100	15	130	110
Worked	24,910	23,860	875	90	85	920
Worked full year, full time 136	13,780	13,150	550	45	35	570
Worked part year and/or part time 137	11,130	10,710	325	50	45	350
Average weeks worked in reference year	41.6	41.5	44.7	39.0	39.3	(not applicable)
Total - Occupation - National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2016 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015 - 25% sample data 138	25,565	24,500	885	95	85	930
a.Management	2,935	2,795	125	10	0	130
00 Senior management occupations	505	495	15	0	0	15
01-05 Specialized middle management occupations	1,225	1,165	55	10	0	60
06 Middle management occupations in retail and wholesale trade and customer services	695	665	20	0	0	25
07-09 Middle management occupations in trades, transportation, production and utilities	515	475	30	0	0	30
b.Professional	4,430	4,110	280	35	0	300
11 Professional occupations in business and finance	605	565	35	10	0	40
21 Professional occupations in natural and applied sciences	645	580	50	15	0	55
30 Professional occupations in nursing	410	385	25	0	0	25
31 Professional occupations in health (except nursing)	245	230	10	0	0	15
40 Professional occupations in education services	1,000	925	75	0	0	75
41 Professional occupations in law and social, community and government services	1,280	1,205	65	10	0	70
51 Professional occupations in art and culture	235	215	25	0	0	20
c.Technical and paraprofessional	2,935	2,770	150	10	10	150
22 Technical occupations related to natural and applied sciences	990	955	40	0	0	35
32 Technical occupations in health	265	230	25	0	10	30
42 Paraprofessional occupations in legal, social, community and education services	775	740	25	10	0	30
43 Occupations in front-line public protection services	450	410	40	0	0	45
52 Technical occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport	455	440	15	0	0	15
d.Administration and administrative support	3,640	3,520	110	10	0	115
12 Administrative and financial supervisors and administrative occupations	1,655	1,590	65	10	0	65
13 Finance, insurance and related business administrative occupations	315	310	0	10	0	0
14 Office support occupations	1,285	1,245	35	0	0	30
15 Distribution, tracking and scheduling co-ordination occupations	385	370	15	0	0	10
e.Sales	1,855	1,815	25	10	0	35
62 Retail sales supervisors and specialized sales occupations	220	205	10	0	0	10
64 Sales representatives and salespersons - Wholesale and retail trade	595	590	10	0	0	10
66 Sales support occupations	1,035	1,015	10	10	0	10
f.Personal and customer information services	4,425	4,255	100	15	60	105
34 Assisting occupations in support of health services	360	355	10	0	0	10
44 Care providers and educational, legal and public protection support occupations	865	835	25	10	0	25
63 Service supervisors and specialized service occupations	625	590	15	0	15	15
65 Service representatives and other customer and personal services occupations	1,000	970	25	0	0	25
67 Service support and other service occupations, n.e.c.	1,575	1,500	30	10	40	35
g.Industrial, construction and equipment operation trades	1,775	1,735	40	0	0	40
72 Industrial, electrical and construction trades	1,065	1,040	25	0	0	25
73 Maintenance and equipment operation trades	715	695	15	0	0	15
h.Workers and labourers in transport and construction	2,405	2,360	35	15	0	40

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
74 Other installers, repairers and servicers and material handlers	190	185	0	0	0	0		
75 Transport and heavy equipment operation and related maintenance occupations	1,595	1,565	20	10	0	25		
76 Trades helpers, construction labourers and related occupations	620	605	10	10	10	10		
i.Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations	785	775	15	0	0	15		
82 Supervisors and technical occupations in natural resources, agriculture and related production	320	305	15	0	0	10		
84 Workers in natural resources, agriculture and related production	225	225	0	0	0	0		
86 Harvesting, landscaping and natural resources labourers	235	235	0	0	0	C		
j.Occupations in manufacturing and utilities	380	380	0	0	0	10		
92 Processing, manufacturing and utilities supervisors and central control								
operators	220	215	0	0	0	0		
94 Processing and manufacturing machine operators and related production workers	55	55	0	0	0	0		
95 Assemblers in manufacturing	25	30	0	0	0	0		
96 Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities	75	75	0	0	0	0		
Total - Industry - North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2012 for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since 2015 - 25% sample data $\frac{139}{2}$	25,565	24,500	885	95	85	935		
11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	245	245	0	0	0	0		
111 - 112 Farms 140	40	35	0	0	0	0		
113 Forestry and logging	35	35	0	0	0	0		
114 Fishing, hunting and trapping	90	95	0	0	0	0		
115 Support activities for agriculture and forestry	85	85	0	0	0	0		
21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	1,575	1,535	35	10	0	35		
211 Oil and gas extraction	85	90	0	0	0	0		
212 Mining and quarrying (except oil and gas)	1,245	1,215	25	10	0	30		
213 Support activities for mining and oil and gas extraction	240	230	10	0	0	10		
22 Utilities	320	310	10	0	0	10		
221 Utilities	320	310	15	0	0	10		
23 Construction	1,960	1,905	40	10	0	45		
236 Construction of buildings	700	680	20	0	0	20		
237 Heavy and civil engineering construction	380	355	10	10	0	15		
238 Specialty trade contractors	885	865	15	0	0	15		
31-33 Manufacturing	265	260	0	0	10	0		
311 Food manufacturing	20	20	0	0	0	0		
312 Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	0		
313 Textile mills	0	0	0	0	0	C		
314 Textile product mills	10	10	0	0	0	С		
315 Clothing manufacturing	15	15	0	0	0	С		
316 Leather and allied product manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	0		
321 Wood product manufacturing	30	25	0	0	0	C		
322 Paper manufacturing	25	20	0	0	0	0		
323 Printing and related support activities	30	30	0	0	0	C		
324 Petroleum and coal product manufacturing	10	15	0	0	0	C		
325 Chemical manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	C		
326 Plastics and rubber products manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	0		
327 Non-metallic mineral product manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	C		
331 Primary metal manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	C		
332 Fabricated metal product manufacturing	20	20	0	0	0	C		
333 Machinery manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	C		
334 Computer and electronic product manufacturing	15	20	0	0	0	C		
335 Electrical equipment, appliance and component manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	0		

	First official language spoken (6)								
selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number 1			
336 Transportation equipment manufacturing	15	10	0	0	0	(
337 Furniture and related product manufacturing	10	10	0	0	0	(
339 Miscellaneous manufacturing	30	25	0	0	0	(
41 Wholesale trade	315	305	10	0	0	10			
411 Farm product merchant wholesalers	0	0	0	0	0				
412 Petroleum and petroleum products merchant wholesalers	65	60	10	0	0				
413 Food, beverage and tobacco merchant wholesalers	85	85	0	0	0				
414 Personal and household goods merchant wholesalers	15	10	0	0	0				
415 Motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts and accessories merchant wholesalers	10	10	0	0	0				
416 Building material and supplies merchant wholesalers	20	20	0	0	0				
417 Machinery, equipment and supplies merchant wholesalers	80	75	0	0	0				
418 Miscellaneous merchant wholesalers	40	40	0	0	0				
419 Business-to-business electronic markets, and agents and brokers	10	0	0	0	0				
44-45 Retail trade	2,620	2,550	60	10	0	6			
441 Motor vehicle and parts dealers	280	275	10	0	0				
442 Furniture and home furnishings stores	50	50	0	0	0				
443 Electronics and appliance stores	65	65	0	0	0				
444 Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers	120	110	10	0	0	1			
445 Food and beverage stores	1,045	1,015	20	10	0				
446 Health and personal care stores	180	170	15	0	0				
447 Gasoline stations	165	165	0	0	0	'			
			0	0	0				
448 Clothing and clothing accessories stores	125	125	-						
451 Sporting goods, hobby, book and music stores	90	85	0	0	0	1			
452 General merchandise stores	295	295	0	0	0				
453 Miscellaneous store retailers	140	140	0	0	0				
454 Non-store retailers	55	55	0	0	0				
48-49 Transportation and warehousing	1,575	1,520	40	10	0	4			
481 Air transportation	685	650	25	0	10	2			
482 Rail transportation	10	10	0	0	0				
483 Water transportation	50	50	0	0	0				
484 Truck transportation	250	240	10	0	0	1			
485 Transit and ground passenger transportation	200	190	0	10	0	1			
486 Pipeline transportation	10	10	0	0	0				
487 Scenic and sightseeing transportation	0	10	0	0	0				
488 Support activities for transportation	260	265	0	0	0	1			
491 Postal service	70	70	0	0	0				
492 Couriers and messengers	25	20	0	0	0				
493 Warehousing and storage	10	10	0	0	0				
51 Information and cultural industries	490	475	20	0	0	2			
511 Publishing industries (except Internet)	75	70	10	0	0				
512 Motion picture and sound recording industries	65	55	10	0	0	1			
515 Broadcasting (except Internet)	100	100	0	0	0				
517 Telecommunications	190	185	10	0	0				
518 Data processing, hosting, and related services	0	0	0	0	0				
519 Other information services	65	65	0	0	0				
52 Finance and insurance	370	355	15	0	0				
521 Monetary authorities - central bank	0	0	0	0	0				
522 Credit intermediation and related activities	195	190	10	0	0	1			
523 Securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investment and related			0		0				
activities 524 Insurance carriers and related activities	20 155	150	10	0	0	1			

	First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number <u>1</u>			
526 Funds and other financial vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	(
53 Real estate and rental and leasing	445	440	0	0	0	(
531 Real estate	395	390	0	0	0	(
532 Rental and leasing services	50	55	0	0	0	(
533 Lessors of non-financial intangible assets (except copyrighted works)	0	0	0	0	0	(
54 Professional, scientific and technical services	1,020	965	50	10	0	5			
541 Professional, scientific and technical services	1,020	965	50	0	0	5			
55 Management of companies and enterprises	10	15	0	0	0				
551 Management of companies and enterprises	10	10	0	0	0				
56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation services	765	720	40	0	10	4			
561 Administrative and support services	680	635	40	0	0	4			
562 Waste management and remediation services	85	85	0	0	0				
61 Educational services	1,930	1,805	120	0	10	12			
611 Educational services	1,930	1,805	115	0	0	12			
62 Health care and social assistance	2,310	2,200	85	10	10	g			
621 Ambulatory health care services	530	495	15	10	0				
622 Hospitals	710	675	35	0	0				
623 Nursing and residential care facilities	310	305	0	0	0				
624 Social assistance	765	730	35	0	0	3			
71 Arts, entertainment and recreation	400	380	15	0	0				
711 Performing arts, spectator sports and related industries	105	100	10	0	0	1			
712 Heritage institutions	100	100	0	0	0	1			
713 Amusement, gambling and recreation industries	195	190	0	0	0				
72 Accommodation and food services	1,420	1,360	15	10	30	2			
721 Accommodation services	515	485	10	0	15	•			
722 Food services and drinking places	915	875	10	10	15	•			
81 Other services (except public administration)	980	955	25	0	10				
811 Repair and maintenance	250	250	10	0	0				
812 Personal and laundry services	135	130	0	0	0				
813 Religious, grant-making, civic, and professional and similar organizations	510	490	20	0	0	:			
814 Private households	85	85	0	0	10				
91 Public administration	6,535	6,205	300	25	10	3.			
911 Federal government public administration	1,335	1,185	140	10	0	14			
912 Provincial and territorial public administration	3,605	3,445	135	20	0	15			
913 Local, municipal and regional public administration	920	900	15	0	0				
914 Aboriginal public administration	680	670	10	0	0				
919 International and other extra-territorial public administration	0	0	0	0	0				
Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 141	21,415	20,455	815	80	65	86			
Worked at home	780	725	55	0	0	5			
Worked outside Canada	10	10	0	0	0				
No fixed workplace address	1,970	1,870	70	20	10	8			
Worked at usual place	18,655	17,850	695	60	50	72			
Total - Language used most often at work for the population in private households aged 5 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015 - 25% sample data	25,565	24,500	885	95	85	9;			
English	24,790	23,950	690	80	65	73			
French	205	45	155	0	0	15			
Non-official language	370	350	0	0	20				
Aboriginal	330	325	0	0	0				
Non-Aboriginal	40	25	0	0	15				
English and French	65	20	35	10	0				

	First official language spoken (6)							
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number)		
English and non-official language	130	135	0	0	0	0		
French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0		
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total - Other language(s) used regularly at work for the population in private households aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2015 - 25% Sample Data 443	25,565	24,500	885	95	85	935		
None	23,255	22,695	430	55	75	460		
English	445	330	120	0	0	115		
French	630	280	330	25	0	340		
Non-official language	1,220	1,195	0	10	10	10		
Aboriginal	1,055	1,045	0	10	0	0		
Non-Aboriginal	170	145	10	10	15	10		
•	0	0	0	0	0	0		
English and French								
English and non-official language	0	10	0	0	0	0		
French and non-official language	10	10	0	10	0	0		
English, French and non-official language	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work - 25% sample data	18,655	17,850	695	60	50	720		
Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence	17,200	16,435	655	55	55	680		
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division (CD) of residence	750	740	15	0	0	15		
Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division (CD) within province or territory of residence	550	530	20	0	0	25		
Commute to a different province or territory	150	150	0	0	0	0		
Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data $\frac{144}{2}$	20,625	19,720	765	80	65	805		
Car, truck, van - as a driver	11,820	11,280	460	45	35	480		
Car, truck, van - as a passenger	2,005	1,915	65	10	15	70		
Public transit	255	245	10	0	0	10		
Walked	4,915	4,695	185	20	10	195		
Bicycle	335	320	103	0	0	193		
·								
Other method Total - Commuting duration for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25% sample data 145	1,305 20,630	1,265	765	75	65	805		
Less than 15 minutes	15,205	14,560	540	70	40	575		
15 to 29 minutes	3,810	3,600	180	0	25	180		
30 to 44 minutes	640	615	20	0	0	25		
45 to 59 minutes	180	175	0	0	0	0		
60 minutes and over	790	770	25	0	0	25		
Total - Time leaving for work for the employed labour force aged 15 years and over in private households with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address - 25%								
sample data 148	20,625	19,725	765	75	65	805		
Between 5 a.m. and 5:59 a.m.	655	625	15	10	0	20		
Between 6 a.m. and 6:59 a.m.	1,945	1,870	70	0	0	70		
Between 7 a.m. and 7:59 a.m.	5,725	5,415	285	25	10	295		
Between 8 a.m. and 8:59 a.m.	8,035	7,665	290	35	45	310		
Between 9 a.m. and 11:59 a.m.	2,025	1,990	35	0	10	30		
Between 12 p.m. and 4:59 a.m.	2,245	2,160	70	15	0	75		
Total - Mobility status 1 year ago - 25% sample data 147	40,525	38,980	1,135	155	250	1,220		
Non-movers	34,010	32,850	885	110	165	935		
Movers	6,515	6,135	255	45	85	275		
Non-migrants	3,700	3,515	130	15	35	145		

		First official language spoken (6)								
Selected Demographic, Cultural, Educational, Labour Force and Income Characteristics (984)	Total - First official language spoken	English	French	English and French	Neither English nor French	Official language minority (number) 1				
Migrants	2,815	2,615	120	30	50	135				
Internal migrants	2,570	2,415	105	25	15	120				
Intraprovincial migrants	705	690	10	0	0	15				
Interprovincial migrants	1,865	1,730	95	30	15	110				
External migrants	250	195	15	0	40	15				
Total - Mobility status 5 years ago - 25% sample data 148	38,035	36,575	1,070	145	240	1,145				
Non-movers	21,385	20,785	410	60	130	440				
Movers	16,650	15,795	665	85	110	705				
Non-migrants	9,000	8,695	240	20	45	250				
Migrants	7,650	7,095	425	65	65	455				
Internal migrants	6,760	6,285	400	60	20	430				
Intraprovincial migrants	1,745	1,710	25	0	0	30				
Interprovincial migrants	5,010	4,575	370	55	15	395				
External migrants	895	815	20	10	45	30				

Symbol(s)

- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act
- **F** too unreliable to be published

Footnote(s)

- 1 The official language minority population of Quebec includes all individuals with English as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French. The official language minority population of the country overall and of every province and territory other than Quebec includes individuals with French as a first official language spoken and half of those with both English and French.
- 2 For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Marital status.

- 3 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals;
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period.

It includes:

- Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
- retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
- benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
- child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
- social assistance benefits;
- workers' compensation benefits;
- Working income tax benefit;
- Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
- other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that

group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

4 Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources, expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages, salaries and commissions, net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, private retirement income (retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

6 Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- Government transfers All cash benefits received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:
 - Old Age Security pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor;
 - retirement, disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan;
 - benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan;
 - child benefits from federal and provincial programs;
 - social assistance benefits;
 - workers' compensation benefits;
 - Working income tax benefit;
 - Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit;
 - other income from government sources.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 8 Total income The sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:
 - statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families;
 - statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises, companies, establishments and locations;
 - statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons, total income refers to receipts from certain sources, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

In the context of households, total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members, before income taxes and deductions, during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

- employment income from wages, salaries, tips, commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities);
- income from investment sources, such as dividends and interest on bonds, accounts, guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds;
- income from employer and personal pension sources, such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs);
- other regular cash income, such as child support payments received, spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships;
- income from government sources, such as social assistance, child benefits, Employment Insurance benefits, Old Age Security benefits, Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

- one-time receipts, such as lottery winnings, gambling winnings, cash inheritances, lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals:
- capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income;
- employers' contributions to registered pension plans, Canada Pension Plan, Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance;
- voluntary inter-household transfers, imputed rent, goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

Employment income - All income received as wages, salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 12 Full-year full-time workers Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2015. For more information, see variable work activity in 2015, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2016.
- Median income The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median.

Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

4 Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group.

Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both languages or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Language spoken most often at home refers to the language the person speaks most often at home at the time of data collection. A person can report more than one language as 'spoken most often at home' if the languages are spoken equally often. For a person who lives alone, the language spoken most often at home is the language in which he or she feels most comfortable. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this is the language spoken most often to the child at home. Where two languages are spoken to the child, the language spoken most often at home is the language spoken most often. If both languages are used equally often, then both languages are included here.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Other language(s) spoken regularly at home refers to the languages, if any, that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection, other than the language or languages he or she speaks most often at home.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned, the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned two languages at the same time in early childhood, the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has two mother tongues only if the two languages were used equally often and are still understood by the person. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. The child has two mother tongues only if both languages are spoken equally often so that the child learns both languages at the same time.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

19 'Knowledge of official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only, French only, in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

'Knowledge of non-official languages' refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak, this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys, depending on the objectives of the survey.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

This is a total population count. The sum of the languages in this table is greater than the total population count because a person may report more than one language in the census.

Aboriginal identity refers to whether the person identified with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada. This includes those who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 21 'Aboriginal identity' includes persons who are First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who are Registered or Treaty Indians (that is, registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who have membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.
- 22 'Single Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are in only one Aboriginal group, that is First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the 2016 Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 24 'Multiple Aboriginal responses' includes persons who are any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- 'Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere' includes persons who are not First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who have Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 27 'Registered or Treaty Indian Status' includes persons who are a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- Aboriginal ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Aboriginal peoples of Canada, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis, and Inuit. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act, 1982, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Aboriginal variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016 and the Aboriginal Peoples Technical Report, Census of Population, 2016.

- 29 'Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 30 'Single Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 31 Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the Census of Population. For additional information, refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.
- 32 'Multiple Aboriginal ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 33 'Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and/or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 34 'Single Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 35 'Multiple Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis and Inuit ancestries, as well as non-Aboriginal ancestry.
- 36 'Non-Aboriginal ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Aboriginal ancestry only.
- 37 Citizenship refers to the country where the person has citizenship. A person may have more than one citizenship. A person may be stateless, that is, they may have no citizenship. Citizenship can be by birth or naturalization.

For more information on citizenship variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 38 'Canadian citizens' includes persons who are citizens of Canada only and persons who are citizens of Canada and at least one other country.
- 39 'Not Canadian citizens' includes persons who are not citizens of Canada. They may be citizens of one or more other countries. Persons who are stateless are included in this category.

40 Immigrant status refers to whether the person is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident.

Period of immigration refers to the period in which the immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 41 'Non-immigrants' includes persons who are Canadian citizens by birth.
- 42 'Immigrants' includes persons who are, or who have ever been, landed immigrants or permanent residents. Such persons have been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this category. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrants' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- 43 Includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.
- 44 'Non-permanent residents' includes persons from another country who have a work or study permit or who are refugee claimants, and their family members sharing the same permit and living in Canada with them.
- 45 'Age at immigration' refers to the age at which an immigrant first obtained landed immigrant or permanent resident status.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, 'Immigrant' includes immigrants who landed in Canada on or prior to May 10, 2016.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth.

In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to the name of the province, territory or country in which the person was born. It refers to a province or territory if the person was born in Canada. It refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 47 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- <u>48</u> Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.
- 49 Serbia excludes Kosovo.
- 50 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 51 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- 52 The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.
- 53 The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 54 The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.
- 55 The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.
- 56 The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'

57 'Recent immigrant' refers to an immigrant who first obtained his or her landed immigrant or permanent resident status between January 1, 2011 and May 10, 2016.

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group.

The places of birth selected are the most frequently reported by recent immigrants at the Canada level.

'Place of birth' refers to the name of the geographic location where the person was born. The geographic location is specified according to geographic boundaries current at the time of data collection, not the geographic boundaries at the time of birth. In the 2016 Census of Population, the geographic location refers to a country if the person was born outside Canada.

For more information on immigration and place of birth variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 58 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 59 The official name of Venezuela is Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela.
- 60 Ireland is also referred to as Republic of Ireland.
- 61 The official name of Moldova is Republic of Moldova.
- 62 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 63 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- 64 The full name of Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China.
- 65 The official name of Iran is Islamic Republic of Iran.
- 66 The official name of South Korea is Republic of Korea.
- 67 The official name of Syria is Syrian Arab Republic.
- 68 The category 'Oceania and other' includes places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'
- 69 The category 'Other places of birth' includes other places of birth in Oceania and responses not included elsewhere, such as 'born at sea.'
- <u>70</u> Generation status refers to whether or not the person or the person's parents were born in Canada.

For more information on generation status variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 71 'First generation' includes persons who were born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or once were, immigrants to
- 72 'Second generation' includes persons who were born in Canada and had at least one parent born outside Canada. For the most part, these are the children of immigrants.
- 73 'Third generation or more' includes persons who were born in Canada with both parents born in Canada.

74 'Admission category' refers to the name of the immigration program or group of programs under which an immigrant has been granted for the first time the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

'Applicant type' refers to whether an immigrant was identified as the principal applicant, the spouse or the dependant on the application for permanent residence

'Immigrant' refers to a person who is, or who has ever been, a landed immigrant or permanent resident. Such a person has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. Immigrants who have obtained Canadian citizenship by naturalization are included in this group. In the 2016 Census of Population, data on admission category and applicant type are available for immigrants who landed in Canada between January 1, 1980 and May 10, 2016.

For more information on immigration variables, including information on their classifications, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Place of Birth, Generation Status, Citizenship and Immigration Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 75 'Economic immigrants' includes immigrants who have been selected for their ability to contribute to Canada's economy through their ability to meet labour market needs, to own and manage or to build a business, to make a substantial investment, to create their own employment or to meet specific provincial or territorial labour market needs.
- 76 'Principal applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.
- 'Secondary applicants' includes immigrants who were identified as the married spouse, the common-law or conjugal partner or the dependant of the principal applicant on the application for permanent residence.
- 'Immigrants sponsored by family' includes immigrants who were sponsored by a Canadian citizen or permanent resident and were granted permanent resident status on the basis of their relationship either as the spouse, partner, parent, grand-parent, child or other relative of this sponsor. The terms 'family class' or 'family reunification' are sometimes used to refer to this category.
- 'Refugees' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status on the basis of a well-founded fear of returning to their home country. This category includes persons who had a well-founded fear of persecution for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group or for political opinion (Geneva Convention refugees) as well as persons who had been seriously and personally affected by civil war or armed conflict, or have suffered a massive violation of human rights. Some refugees were in Canada when they applied for refugee protection for themselves and their family members (either with them in Canada or abroad). Others were abroad and were referred for resettlement to Canada by the United Nations Refugee Agency, another designated referral organization or private sponsors.
- Other immigrants' includes immigrants who were granted permanent resident status under a program that does not fall under the economic immigrants, the immigrants sponsored by family or the refugee categories.
- Visible minority refers to whether a person belongs to a visible minority group as defined by the Employment Equity Act and, if so, the visible minority group to which the person belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' The visible minority population consists mainly of the following groups: South Asian, Chinese, Black, Filipino, Latin American, Arab, Southeast Asian, West Asian, Korean and Japanese.

For more information on the Visible minority variable, including information on its classification, the questions from which it is derived, data quality and its comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Visible Minority and Population Group Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 82 The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour '
- 83 For example, 'East Indian,' 'Pakistani,' 'Sri Lankan', etc.
- 84 For example, 'Vietnamese,' 'Cambodian,' 'Laotian,' 'Thai,' etc.
- $\underline{85}$ For example, 'Afghan,' 'Iranian,' etc.
- 86 The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere.' Includes persons with a write-in response such as 'Guyanese,' 'West Indian,' 'Tibetan,' 'Polynesian,' 'Pacific Islander,' etc.
- 87 Includes persons who gave more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in responses, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian.'
- 88 Includes persons who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal group question (Question 18), as well as persons who were not considered to be members of a visible minority group.
- 89 This is a total population estimate. The sum of the ethnic groups in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ethnic origin in the census.

'Ethnic origin' refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors. An ancestor is usually more distant than a grandparent. For additional information on the collection and dissemination of ethnic origin data, refer to the Ethnic Origin Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- 90 Includes general responses indicating North American origins (e.g., 'North American') as well as more specific responses indicating North American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maritimer').
- 91 Includes general responses indicating British Isles origins (e.g., 'British,' 'United Kingdom') as well as more specific responses indicating British Isles origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Celtic').
- 92 Includes general responses indicating Western European origins (e.g., 'Western European') as well as more specific responses indicating Western European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Liechtensteiner').
- 93 Includes general responses indicating Northern European origins (e.g., 'Northern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Northern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Faroese,' 'Scandinavian').
- 94 Includes responses of 'Czechoslovakian,' not otherwise specified.
- 95 Includes general responses indicating Eastern European origins (e.g., 'Eastern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Eastern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baltic').
- 96 Includes responses of 'Yugoslavian,' not otherwise specified.
- 97 Includes general responses indicating Southern European origins (e.g., 'Southern European') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Gibraltarian').
- 98 Includes responses of 'Slavic,' not otherwise specified.
- 99 Includes general responses indicating Other European origins (e.g., 'European') as well as more specific responses indicating European origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Central European').
- 100 Includes responses of 'West Indian,' not otherwise specified.
- 101 Includes general responses indicating Caribbean origins (e.g., 'Antilles,' 'Caribbean') as well as more specific responses indicating Caribbean origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Aruban').
- 102 Includes general responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins (e.g., 'South American') as well as more specific responses indicating Latin, Central or South American origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Surinamese').
- 103 Includes general responses indicating Central or West African origins (e.g., 'West African') as well as more specific responses indicating Central or West African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Luba,' 'Mossi').
- 104 Includes general responses indicating North African origins (e.g., 'North African') as well as more specific responses indicating North African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Maghreb').
- 105 Includes responses of 'Bantu,' not otherwise specified.
- 106 Includes general responses indicating Southern or East African origins (e.g., 'East African') as well as more specific responses indicating Southern or East African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Hutu,' 'Shona').
- 107 Includes responses of 'Black,' not otherwise specified.
- 108 Includes general responses indicating Other African origins (e.g., 'African') as well as more specific responses indicating Other African origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Saharan').
- 109 Includes responses of 'Arab,' not otherwise specified.
- 110 Includes general responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins (e.g., 'West Asian,' 'Middle Eastern') as well as more specific responses indicating West Asian, Central Asian and Middle Eastern origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Baloch,' 'Circassian').
- 111 Includes general responses indicating South Asian origins (e.g., 'South Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating South Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Telugu').
- 112 Includes general responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins (e.g., 'Southeast Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating East and Southeast Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Bruneian').
- 113 Includes general responses indicating Other Asian origins (e.g., 'Asian') as well as more specific responses indicating Other Asian origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Eurasian').
- 114 Includes responses of 'Polynesian,' not otherwise specified.

- 115 Includes general responses indicating Pacific Islands origins (e.g., 'Pacific Islander') as well as more specific responses indicating Pacific Islands origins that have not been included elsewhere (e.g., 'Tahitian').
- 116 Highest certificate, diploma or degree is the classification used in the census to measure the broader concept of 'Educational attainment.'

This variable refers to the highest level of education that a person has successfully completed and is derived from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported.

The general hierarchy used in deriving this variable (high school, trades, college, university) is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education. At the detailed level, someone who has completed one type of certificate, diploma or degree will not necessarily have completed the credentials listed below it in the hierarchy. For example, a person with an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma may not have completed a high school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a 'master's degree' necessarily have a 'certificate or diploma above bachelor level.'

Although the hierarchy may not fit all programs perfectly, it gives a general measure of educational attainment.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

Users are advised to consult data quality comments for 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree', available in the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

- 117 'Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational qualification. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.
- 118 'Trades certificate or diploma other than Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at community colleges, institutes of technology, vocational centres and similar institutions.
- 119 'Certificate of Apprenticeship or Certificate of Qualification' also includes Journeyperson's designations.
- 120 'Earned doctorate' refers to persons who have completed a doctorate degree awarded by a university. This includes, for example, Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) and Doctor of Juridical Science (S.J.D.). It does not include honorary doctorates.
- 121 'Field of study' refers to the discipline or area of learning/training associated with a particular course or programme of study.

This variable refers to the predominant discipline or area of learning or training of a person's highest completed postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree, classified according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2016.

This 'Major field of study' variable can be used either independently or in conjunction with the 'Highest certificate, diploma or degree' variable. When the latter is used with 'Major field of study,' it should be noted that different fields of study will be more common for different types of postsecondary qualifications. At the detailed program level, some programs are only offered by certain types of institutions.

There was an explicit instruction in the questionnaire which instructed respondents to be as specific as possible in indicating a subfield or subcategory of specialization within a broad discipline or area of training.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2016 - Alternative primary groupings' CIP variant, with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies,' these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification, see the Classification of Instructional Programs, Canada 2016: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng/concepts/classification.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for this variable, refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

Certain series and their subcomponents are not used when coding major field of study for the census. These are series 21, 32 to 37 and 53, which represent non-credit and personal improvement fields of study.

- 122 'No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes persons who have not completed an apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma; a college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma; or a university certificate, diploma or degree.
- 123 'Interdisciplinary humanities' includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies,' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies,' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' and '30.29 Maritime studies.'
- 124 'Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences' includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution,' '30.10 Biopsychology,' '30.11 Gerontology,' '30.14 Museology/museum studies,' '30.15 Science, technology and society,' '30.17 Behavioural sciences,' '30.20 International/global studies,' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies,' '30.25 Cognitive science,' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis,' '30.28 Dispute resolution,' '30.31 Human computer interaction' and '30.33 Sustainability studies.'
- 125 'Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences' includes '30.18 Natural sciences,' '30.19 Nutrition sciences,' '30.27 Human biology' and '30.32 Marine sciences.'

- 126 'Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences' includes '30.06 Systems science and theory,' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' and '30.30 Computational science.'
- 127 'Location of study' refers to either:
 - the province, territory or country of the institution from which a person obtained a certificate, diploma or degree, or;
 - the province, territory or country of the institution that a person attended during a specified reference period, or for a specific level of education.

In both cases, location of study refers to the location of the institution granting the certificate, diploma or degree, not the location of the person at the time he or she obtained the qualification or was attending the institution. The geographic location is specified according to boundaries current at the time the data are collected, not the boundaries at the time of study.

This is a summary variable that indicates whether the 'Location of study' of the person's highest certificate, diploma or degree was the same province or territory where the person lived at the time of the 2016 Census of Population, a different Canadian province or territory, or outside Canada. This variable is derived from 'Location of study' and 'Province or territory of current residence.' It only applies to individuals who had completed a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree.

'Location of study outside Canada' may be further sub-classified using the Standard Classification of Countries and Areas of Interest (SCCAI). When using the SCCAI for this sub-classification, the class 'Canada' is not used.

This variable is reported for persons aged 15 years and over in private households.

For information on collection, classification and data quality for 'Location of study compared with province or territory of residence,' refer to the Education Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016, Catalogue no. 98-500-X2016013.

- 128 'Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma,' 'college, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates, diplomas and degrees.
- Refers to all locations of study outside Canada, including the six locations outside Canada most often reported at the national level. These will not necessarily be the top six countries for other geographies.
- 130 The official name of United States is United States of America.
- 131 The official name of United Kingdom is United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. United Kingdom includes Scotland, Wales, England and Northern Ireland (excludes Isle of Man, the Channel Islands and British Overseas Territories).
- 132 China excludes Hong Kong and Macao.
- Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed, unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday, May 1 to Saturday, May 7, 2016.

Early enumeration was conducted in remote, isolated parts of the provinces and territories. When enumeration has taken place before May 2016, the reference date used is the date on which the household was enumerated.

In the past, this variable was called Labour force activity.

- Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2015 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).
- 135 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked, persons who worked prior to 2015 and persons who worked in 2016, but not in 2015.
- 136 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year (49 weeks and over) and mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) in 2015.
- 137 Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked full year mostly part time or part year mostly full time or part year mostly part time in 2015. Part year is less than 49 weeks and part time is less than 30 hours per week.
- 138 Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the NOC 2016.
- 139 Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked.
- 140 The code and title of this category are not found in the North American Classification System (NAICS) 2012; this category is needed due to the combination of NAICS sub-sectors performed during the coding process.
- 141 Classification of respondents according to whether they worked at home, worked outside Canada, had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

142 Language used most often at work refers to the language the person uses most often at work. A person can report more than one language as 'used most often at work' if the languages are used equally often.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

Other language(s) used regularly at work refers to the languages, if any, that the person uses in their job on a regular basis, other than the language or languages he or she uses most often at work.

For more information on language variables, including information on their classifications, the questions from which they are derived, data quality and their comparability with other sources of data, please refer to the Languages Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

- The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence, but this may not always be the case. Sometimes, respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result, the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.
- 145 Refers to the length of time, in minutes, usually required by a person to travel between his or her place of residence and his or her place of work.
- 146 Refers to the time of day at which a person usually leaves home to go to their place of work.
- Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day, May 10, 2016, in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city, town, township, village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants, who moved to a different city, town, township, village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.

Data quality note(s) – Northwest Territories / Territoires du Nord-Ouest

Incomplete enumeration flag

Default. Not applicable.

· Long-form data quality flag

Global non-response rate (GNR), long-form census questionnaire: 8.8%.

· Long-form income data quality flag

Data quality index showing a long-form income non-response rate higher than or equal to 10%, but lower than 20%.

Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016352.

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